

HOMOEOPATHIC MATERIA MEDICA

Instructions:

- I (a) Homoeopathic Materia Medica is differently constructed as compared to other Materia Medicae;
- (b) Homoeopathy considers that study of the action of drugs on individual parts or systems of the body or on animal or their isolated organs is only a partial study of life processes under such action and that it does not lead us to a full appreciation of the action of the medicinal substance, the drug substance as a whole is lost sight of.
- II Essential and complete knowledge of the drug action as a whole can be ascertained only by qualitative drug proving on healthy persons and this alone can make it possible to elicit all the symptoms of a drug with reference to the psychosomatic whole of a person and it is just such a person as a whole to whom the knowledge of drug action is to be applied.
- III (a) The Homoeopathic Materia Medica consists of a schematic arrangement of symptoms produced by each drug, incorporating no theories for explanations about their interpretation or inter-relationship;
- (b) Each drug should be studied synthetically, analytically and comparatively, and this alone would enable a Homoeopathic student to study each drug individually and as a whole and help him to be a good prescriber.
- IV (a) The most commonly indicated drugs for day to day ailments should be taken up first so that in the clinical classes or outdoor duties the students become familiar with their applications and they should be thoroughly dealt with explaining all comparisons and relationship;
- (b) Students should be conversant with their sphere of action and family relationships and the rarely used drugs should be taught in outline, emphasizing only their most salient features and symptoms.
- (V) Tutorials must be introduced so that students in small numbers can be in close touch with teachers and can be helped to study and understand Materia Medica in relation to its application in the treatment of the sick.
- (VI) (a) While teaching therapeutics an attempt should be made to recall the Materia Medica so that indications for drugs in a clinical condition can directly flow out from the proving of the drugs concerned;
- (b) The student should be encouraged to apply the resources of the vast Materia Medica in any sickness and not limit himself to memorise a few drugs for a particular disease and this Hahnemannian approach will not only help him in understanding the proper perspective of symptoms as applied and their curative value in sickness but will even lighten his burden as far as formal examinations are concerned;
- (c) Application of Materia Medica should be demonstrated from case-records in the outdoor and the indoor;
- (d) Lectures on comparative Materia Medica and therapeutics as well as tutorials should be integrated with lectures on clinical medicine;
- VII For the teaching of drugs, the department should keep herbarium sheets and other specimens for demonstrations to the students and audio-visual material shall be used for teaching and training purposes.
- VIII (a) There is a large number of Homoeopathic medicines used today and much more medicines being experimented and proved at present and more will be added in future and some very commonly used Homoeopathic medicines are included in this curriculum for detail study;
- (b) It is essential that at the end of this course each student should gain basic and sufficient knowledge of "How to study Homoeopathic Materia Medica" and to achieve this objective basic and general topic of Materia Medica should be taught in details during this curriculum, general topics should be taught in all the classes;
- (c) The medicines are to be taught under the following headings, namely:—
- (1) Common name, family, habitat, parts used, preparation, constituents (of source material).
 - (2) Proving data.
 - (3) Sphere of action.
 - (4) Symptomatology of the medicine emphasizing the characteristic symptoms (mental, physical generals and particulars including sensations, modalities and concomitants) and constitution.
 - (5) Comparative study of medicines.

(6) Therapeutic applications (applied Materia Medica).

FIRST B.H.M.S.

A. Theory:

General topics of Materia Medica :-(including introductory lectures)

(a) Basic Materia Medica --

1. Basic concept of Materia Medica
2. Basic construction of various Materia Medicas
3. Definition of Materia Medica

(b) Homoeopathic Materia Medica

1. Definition of Homoeopathic Materia Medica
2. Basic concept and construction of Homoeopathic Materia Medica.
3. Classification of Homoeopathic Materia Medica.
4. Sources of Homoeopathic Materia Medica.
5. Scope and Limitations of Homoeopathic Materia Medica..

Note: There shall be no examination in First B.H.M.S.

SECOND B.H.M.S

A. Theory:

(a) In addition to syllabus of First B.H.M.S. Course, following shall be taught, namely:-

- (i) Science and philosophy of homoeopathic materia medica.
- (ii) Different ways of studying homoeopathic materia medica (e.g. psycho-clinical, pathological, physiological, synthetic, comparative, analytical, remedy relationships, group study, portrait study etc.)
- (iii) Scope and limitations of homoeopathic materia medica.
- (iv) Concordance or remedy relationships.
- (v) Comparative homoeopathic materia medica, namely:-
Comparative study of symptoms, drug pictures, drug relationships.
- (vi) Theory of biochemic system of medicine, its history, concepts and principles according to Dr. Wilhelm Heinrich Schuessler. Study of 12 biochemic medicines. (tissue remedies).

(b) Homoeopathic Medicines to be taught in Second B.H.M.S as per Appendix -I.

APPENDIX-I

- | | |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1. Aconitum napellus ✓ | 14. Bryonia alba ✓ |
| 2. Aethusa cynapium | 15. Calcarea carbonica |
| 3. Allium cepa ✓ | 16. Calcarea fluorica |
| 4. Aloe socotrina | 17. Calcarea phosphoric |
| 5. Antimonium crudum | 18. Calcarea sulphurica |
| 6. Antimonium tartaricum | 19. Calendula officinalis ✓ |
| 7. Apis mellifica | 20. Chamomilla |
| 8. Argentum nitricum | 21. Cina |
| 9. Arnica Montana ✓ | 22. Cinchona officinalis |
| 10. Arsenicum album ✓ | 23. Colchicum autumnale |
| 11. Arum triphyllum | 24. Colocynthis |
| 12. Baptisia tinctoria | 25. Drosera |
| 13. Bellis perennis | 26. Dulcamara |

27. Euphrasia
28. Ferrum phosphoricum
29. Gelsemium ✓
30. Hepar sulph
31. Hypericum perforatum
32. Ipecacuanha
33. Kali muriaticum
34. Kali phosphoricum
35. Kali sulphuricum
36. Ledum palustre
37. Lycopodium clavatum
38. Magnesium phosphoricum

39. Natrum muriaticum
40. Natrum phosphoricum
41. Natrum sulphuricum
42. Nux vomica ✓
43. Pulsatilla
44. Rhus toxicodendron ✓
45. Ruta graveolens
46. Silicea
47. Spongia tosta
48. Sulphur
49. Symphytum officinale ✓
50. Thuja occidentalis

B. Practical or clinical:

This will cover,-

(i) case taking of acute and chronic patients.

(ii) case processing including totality of symptoms, selection of medicine, potency and repetition Schedule

Each student shall maintain practical record or journal with record of five cases.

C. Examination:

The syllabus covered in First BHMS and Second BHMS course are the following, namely:-

1. Theory:

1.1. Number of papers-01

1.2. Marks: 100

1.3. Distribution of marks:

1.3.1. Topics of I B.H.M.S. 50 Marks

1.3.2. Topics of II B.H.M.S. 50 Marks

2. Practical including viva voce or oral:

2.1. Marks: 100

2.2. Distribution of marks;

2.2.1. Case taking and Case

processing of one long case

2.2.2. Case taking of one short Case

2.2.3. Maintenance of Practical
record or journal

2.2.4. Viva voce (oral)

Total

Marks

30

10

10

50

100

THIRD B.H.M.S

In addition to the syllabus of First and Second B.H.M.S. including the use of medicines for Second BHMS (Appendix-I), the following additional topics and medicines are included in the syllabus of homoeopathic materia medica for the Third B.H.M.S examination.

A. General Topics of Homoeopathic Materia Medica -

In addition to the syllabus of First and Second B.H.M.S. including the use of medicines for Second BHMS (Appendix-I), the following additional topics and medicines are included in the syllabus of Homoeopathic Materia Medica for the Third B.H.M.S. Examination.

(a) concept of nosodes - definition of nosodes, types of nosodes, general indications of dosodes.

(b) concepts of constitution, temperaments, diathesis-

definitions, various concepts of constitution with their peculiar characteristics, importance of constitution, temperaments and diathesis and their utility in treatment of patients.

B. Concept of mother tincture.

C. Homoeopathic medicines to be taught in Third B.H.M.S. as in Appendix-II

APPENDIX-II

1.	Acetic acid
2.	Actea spicata
3.	Agaricus muscarius
4.	Agnus castus
5.	Alumina
6.	Ambra grisea
7.	Ammonium carbonicum
8.	Ammonium muriaticum
9.	Anacardium orientale
10.	Apocynum cannabinum
11.	Arsenicum Iodatum
12.	Asafoetida
13.	Aurum metallicum
14.	Baryta carbonica
15.	Belladonna
16.	Benzoic acid
17.	Berberis vulgaris
18.	Bismuth
19.	Borax
20.	Bovista lycoperdon
21.	Bromium
22.	Bufo rana
23.	Cactus grandiflorus
24.	Caladium seguinum
25.	Calcarea arsenicosa
26.	Camphora
27.	Cannabis indica
28.	Cannabis sativa
29.	Cantharis vesicatoria
30.	Carbo vegetabilis
31.	Chelidonium majus

32.	Conium maculatum
33.	Crotalus horridus
34.	Croton tiglium
35.	Cyclamen europaeum
36.	Digitalis purpurea
37.	Dioscorea villosa
38.	Equisetum hyemale
39.	Ferrum metallicum
40.	Graphites
41.	Helleborus niger
42.	Hyoscyamus niger
43.	Ignatia amara
44.	Kali bichromicum
45.	Kali bromatum
46.	Kali carbonicum
47.	Kreosotum
48.	Lachesis muta
49.	Moschus
50.	Murex purpurea
51.	Muriatic acid
52.	Naja tripudians
53.	Natrum carbonicum
54.	Nitric acid
55.	Nux moschata
56.	Opium
57.	Oxalic acid
58.	Petroleum
59.	Phosphoric acid
60.	Phosphorus
61.	Phytolacca decandra
62.	Picric acid

63.	Platinum metallicum
64.	Podophyllum
65.	Secale cornutum
66.	Selenium
67.	Sepia
68.	Staphysagria
69.	Stramonium
70.	Sulphuric acid

71.	Syphilinum
72.	Tabacum
73.	Taraxacum officinale
74.	Tarentula cubensis
75.	Terebinthina
76.	Theridion
77.	Thlaspi bursa pastoris
78.	Veratrum album

Group studies
Acid group
Carbon group
Kali group
Ophidia group
Mercurius group
Spider group

D. Practical or clinical:

(1) This will cover,—

(a) case taking of acute and chronic patients.

(b) case processing including selection of medicine, potency and repetition schedule

(2) Each student shall maintain a journal having record of ten case takings.

E. Examination:

1. Theory:

1. 1. Number of papers- 01

1. 2. Marks: 100

1. 3. Distribution of marks:

1.3.1. Topics of Second B.H.M.S. 50 Marks

1.3.2. Topics of Third B.H.M.S. 50 Marks

2. Practical including viva voce or oral:

2.1. Marks:100

2.2. Distribution of marks:

Marks

2.2.1. Case taking and case

processing of one long case

30

2.2.2. Case taking of one short case

10

2.2.3. Maintenance of practical
record or journal

10

2.2.4. Viva voce or oral

50

Total

100

Fourth B.H.M.S

In addition to the syllabus of First, Second and Third BHMS including the medicines taught as per the Appendices I and II, the following additional topics and medicines are included in the syllabus for the Fourth BHMS examination.

A. General topics of Homoeopathic materia medica – Sarcodes – definition and general indications.

B. Medicines indicated in Appendix-III shall be taught in relation to the medicines of Appendices-I and II for comparison wherever required.

APPENDIX-III

1	Abies canadensis	35	Sambucus nigra
2	Abies nigra	36	Squilla maritima
3	Carbo animalis	37	Baryta muriatica
4	Carbolic acid	38	Crataegus oxyacantha
5	Cundurango	39	Lithium carbonicum
6	Fluoricum acidum	40	Rauwolfia serpentina
7	Hydrastis canadensis	41	Caulophyllum
8	Raphanus sativus	42	Cocculus indicus
9	Magnesia carbonica	43	Crocus sativus
10	Magnesia muriatica	44	Helonias dioica
11	Anthracinum	45	Lillium tigrinum
12	Bacillinum	46	Sabina
13	Lac caninum	47	Trillium pendulum
14	Lac defloratum	48	Viburnum opulus
15	Lyssin	49	Cicuta virosa
16	Medorrhinum	50	Ranunculus bulbosus
17	Psorinum	51	Rhododendron chrysanthum
18	Pyrogenium	52	Clematis erecta
19	Vaccinium	53	Sabal serrulata
20	Variolinum	54	Sarsaparilla officinalis
21	Hydrocotyle asiatica	55	Coffea cruda
22	Mezereum	56	Glonoine
23	Radium bromatum	57	Melilotus
24	Urtica urens	58	Millefolium
25	Vinca minor	59	Sanguinaria canadensis
26	Abrotanum	60	Spigelia
27	Rheum palmatum	61	Veratrum viride
28	Sanicula aqua	62	Capsicum
29	Acalypha indica	63	Cedron
30	Corallium rubrum	64	Eupatorium perfoliatum
31	Lobelia inflata	65	Abroma augusta
32	Mephitis putorius	66	Calotropis gigantea
33	Rumex crispus	67	Carica papaya
34	Sabadilla officinalis	68	Cassia sophera

69	Ficus religiosa	104	Artemesia vulgaris
70	Jonosia asoca	105	Avena sativa
71	Justicia adhatoda	106	Blatta orientalis
72	Ocimum sanctum	107	Carcinosin
73	Syzigium jambolanum	108	Carduus marianus
74	Ratanhia peruviana	109	Ceanothus
75	Collinsonia canadensis	110	Chininum arsenicosum
76	Antimonium arsenicosum	111	Cholesterinum
77	Sticta pulmonaria	112	Coca erythroxylon
79	Asterias rubens	113	Diphtherinum
80	Iodium	114	Erigeron canadensis
81	Thyroidinum	115	Malandrinum
82	Argentum metallicum	116	Menyanthes
83	Cuprum metallicum	117	Onosmodium
84	Plumbum metallicum	118	Passiflora incarnata
85	Zincum metallicum	119	Ustilago maydis
86	Adonis vernalis	120	Stannum metallicum
87	Kalmia latifolia	121	Valeriana officinalis
88	Physostigma venenosum	122	X - ray
89	Mercurius corrosivus		
90	Mercurius cyanatus		
91	Mercurius dulcis		
92	Mercurius solubilis		
93	Mercurius sulphuricus		
94	Causticum		
95	Bacillus No. 7		
96	Dysentery co		
97	Gaertner		
98	Morgan pure		
99	Morgan gaertner		
100	Proteus bacillus		
101	Sycotic bacillus		
Additional medicines			
102	Aesculus hippocastanum		
103	Adrenalinum		

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Sl. No.	Group studies
1	Baryta group
2	Calcarea group
3	Magnesia group
4	Natrum group
5	Compositae family
6	Ranunculaceae family
7	Solonaceae family

C. Practical or clinical:

Each student shall maintain a journal having record of ten acute and ten chronic case takings.

D. Examination:

1. Theory:

1.1 Number of papers-02

2.1 Marks: 200

2.1.1 Distribution of marks:

2.1.2 Paper-I: Topics of First, Second and Third B.H.M.S.— 100 Marks

2.1.3 Paper-II: Topics of IV B.H.M.S.— 100 Marks

2. Practical including viva voce or oral:

2.1. Marks: 200

2.2. Distribution of marks;

2.2.1. Case taking and Case

processing of one long case

60

2.2.2 Case taking of one short case

20

2.2.3 Maintenance of practical
record or journal

• 20

2.2.4. Viva voce (oral)

100

Total

200